AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER
OF VIMEO, INC.

PURPOSE

The Audit Committee (the “Committee”) is created by the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of Vimeo, Inc. (the “Company”) to assist the Board in monitoring (1) the integrity of the financial statements of the Company, (2) the effectiveness of the Company’s internal control over financial reporting, (3) the qualifications, performance and independence of the independent registered public accounting firm (the “independent accounting firm”), (4) the performance of the Company’s internal audit function, (5) the Company’s risk assessment and risk management policies as they relate to financial and other risk exposures, and (6) the Company’s compliance with legal and regulatory requirements.

In fulfilling its purpose, the Committee shall maintain free and open communication between the Committee, the independent accounting firm, the internal auditors and management of the Company.

COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP

The Committee shall consist of no fewer than three members. The members of the Committee shall meet the independence and experience requirements of Nasdaq and Rule 10A-3(b)(1) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange Act”). All members of the Committee shall, in the judgment of the Board, be able to read and understand fundamental financial statements. At least one member of the Committee shall be an “audit committee financial expert” as defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). These membership requirements shall be subject to exemptions and cure periods permitted by the rules of Nasdaq and the SEC, as in effect from time to time.

The members of the Committee shall be appointed and may be replaced by the Board in its discretion. The Board may designate a chairperson of the Committee. In the absence of that designation, the Committee may designate a chairperson by majority vote of the Committee members.

MEETINGS

The Committee shall meet as often as it determines necessary but not less frequently than quarterly. The Committee shall have the authority to meet periodically with management, the internal auditors and the independent accounting firm in separate executive sessions, and to have such other direct and independent interaction with such persons from time to time as the members of the Committee deem necessary or appropriate. The Committee may request any officer or employee of the Company or the Company’s outside counsel or independent accounting firm to attend a meeting of the Committee or to meet with any members of, or consultants to, the Committee. Written minutes of Committee meetings shall be maintained.

The Committee may act by unanimous written consent (which may include electronic consent) in lieu of a meeting in accordance with the Company’s bylaws.

COMMITTEE AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Committee shall be directly responsible for the appointment, compensation and oversight of the work of the independent accounting firm (including resolution of disagreements between management and the independent accounting firm regarding financial reporting and/or internal control related matters) for the
purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or related work. The independent accounting firm shall report directly to the Audit Committee.

The Committee shall pre-approve all auditing services, audit-related services, including internal control-related services, and permitted non-audit services to be performed for the Company by its independent accounting firm, subject to the de minimis exceptions for non-audit services described in Section 10A(i)(1)(B) of the Exchange Act which are approved by the Committee prior to the completion of the audit. The Committee may form and delegate authority to subcommittees consisting of one or more members when appropriate, including the authority to grant pre-approvals of audit, audit-related and permitted non-audit services, provided that decisions of such subcommittee to grant pre-approvals shall be presented to the full Committee at its next scheduled meeting.

The Committee shall have the authority, to the extent it deems necessary or appropriate, to conduct investigations into any matters within its scope of responsibility, to obtain advice and assistance from outside legal, accounting, or other advisors, as necessary, to perform its duties and responsibilities, and to otherwise engage and determine funding for independent legal, accounting or other advisors. The Company shall provide for appropriate funding, as determined by the Committee, for payment of compensation to the independent accounting firm for the purpose of rendering or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company and to any advisors employed by the Committee, as well as funding for the payment of ordinary administrative expenses of the Committee that are necessary or appropriate in carrying out its duties.

The Committee shall make regular reports to the Board. The Committee shall review and reassess the adequacy of this Charter annually and recommend any proposed changes to the Board for approval.

In fulfilling its purpose and carrying out its responsibilities, the Committee shall undertake any activities the Committee deems necessary or appropriate. Subject to the foregoing, the Committee shall,

1. Review and discuss with management and the independent accounting firm the annual audited financial statements, as well as disclosures made in management’s discussion and analysis, and recommend to the Board if the audited financial statements should be included in the Company’s Form 10-K.

2. Review and discuss with management and the independent accounting firm the Company’s earnings press releases, including, if applicable, the use of non-U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“non-GAAP”) financial measures, and the results of the independent accounting firm’s review of the quarterly financial statements.

3. Discuss with management and the independent accounting firm significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the Company’s financial statements, including any significant changes in the Company’s selection or application of accounting principles.

4. Review and discuss with management and the independent accounting firm the adequacy of the Company’s internal controls, including any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls or material weaknesses therein and any fraud involving management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company’s internal controls, any special steps adopted in light of these issues and the adequacy of disclosures about changes in internal control over financial reporting.

5. Review and discuss any material issues raised by or reports from the independent accounting firm, including those relating to:
a. Critical accounting policies and practices to be used in preparing the Company’s financial statements.

b. Alternative treatments of financial information within generally accepted accounting principles that have been discussed with management, ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the independent accounting firm.

c. Unadjusted differences and management letters.

6. Discuss with management the Company’s major financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such exposures, including the Company’s risk assessment and risk management policies.

7. Discuss with the independent accounting firm the matters required to be discussed by PCAOB Auditing Standard 1301, “Communications with Audit Committees.”

8. Periodically evaluate the qualifications, performance and independence of the independent accounting firm and the senior members of the audit team, including a review of reports provided by the independent accounting firm relating to its internal quality-control procedures and independence and obtain from the independent accounting firm a formal written statement delineating all relationships between the independent accounting firm and the Company.

9. Meet with the independent accounting firm prior to the audit to discuss the scope, planning and staffing of the audit.

10. Confirm and evaluate the rotation of the audit partners on the independent accounting firm’s audit engagement team as required by law.

11. Review the proposed internal audit annual audit plan and any significant changes to such plan with management; review and discuss the progress and any significant results of executing such plan; and receive reports on the status of significant findings, recommendations and responses.

12. Obtain from the independent accounting firm assurance that Section 10A(b) of the Exchange Act has not been implicated.

13. Discuss with management, the Company’s senior internal auditing executive and the independent accounting firm the Company’s and its subsidiaries’ compliance with applicable legal requirements and codes of conduct.

14. Review all related party transactions in accordance with the Company’s formal, written policy.

15. Review and make determinations with respect to potential conflicts of interest involving the Company’s executive officers or directors in accordance with the Company’s Code of Conduct.

16. Establish procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters, and the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters.

17. Discuss with management and the independent accounting firm any correspondence with regulators or governmental agencies and any published reports which raise material issues regarding the Company’s financial statements or accounting policies.
18. Discuss with the Company’s General Counsel legal matters that may have a material impact on the financial statements or the Company’s compliance policies.

19. Furnish the Audit Committee report required by the rules of the SEC to be included in the Company’s annual proxy statement.

20. Review and discuss with management the Company’s cybersecurity, data privacy and other data- and technology-related risks, controls and procedures, and sustainability and climate change risks, including the Company’s plans to mitigate and respond to such issues and analyze any related financial risk exposures.

21. Support the Board in reviewing, monitoring and engaging with management on the development of climate change and environmental policies, programs, goals and progress, and periodically review such matters with the full Board.

LIMITATION OF THE COMMITTEE’S ROLE

While the Committee has the responsibilities and powers set forth in this Charter, it is not the duty of the Committee to plan or conduct audits or to determine that the Company’s financial statements and disclosures are complete and accurate and are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and applicable rules and regulations or to determine that the Company’s internal controls over financial reporting are effective. These are the responsibilities of management and the independent accounting firm. Additionally, the Committee as well as the Board recognizes that members of the Company’s management who are responsible for financial management, as well as the independent accounting firm, have more time, knowledge, and detailed information on the Company than do Committee members; consequently, in carrying out its oversight responsibilities, the Committee is not providing any expert or special assurances with respect to the Company’s financial statements or any professional certifications as to the independent accounting firm’s work.